

The Financial Management Plan is an important component of the Council's integrated planning framework as it underpins financial sustainability, whilst meeting the needs and expectations of the community in delivering the Council's strategic objectives.

> **Burnie City Council** 80 Wilson Street Burnie, TASMANIA



Long-Term Financial Management Plan

Approved By: Council Doc Controller: Director Corporate and Commercial Services
 Document Code:
 CD-CBS-FIN-001

 Version:
 12.0
 File:
 13/16/4

 Approved Date:
 27 Jun 2023

 Next Review Date:
 30 Jun 2024
 30 Jun 2024

| Document Endorsement | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Responsibility: | | re responsibility to ensure that financial decisions are made in h this Plan once adopted. | | | | | | | | |
| | The General Ma | anager has overall accountability for implementing the Plan. | | | | | | | | |
| | - | sibility of the Director Corporate and Commercial Services to the Plan and to review the Plan with Council periodically. | | | | | | | | |
| Legislative Reference: | This document Government Ac | is designed to meet the following provisions of the <i>Local t 1993</i> : | | | | | | | | |
| | Section 70 – Lor | Section 70 – Long Term Financial Management Plan | | | | | | | | |
| Document Approval: | Council Resolution – Item AO095-23 dated 27 June 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Previous Documents: | This document replaces the previous Financial Management Strategy 2032 which was approved by Council on 28 June 2022, as part of decision AO117-22. | | | | | | | | | |
| | nomenclature u | was updated on 27 March 2024 to reflect the correct Inder S70 of the Act. This is on the basis that at the Council Jarch 2024, Council adopted its 4-year Financial Management | | | | | | | | |
| Publication of Strategy: | Members of the (www.burnie.ta | e public may access this plan on Council's website is.gov.au). | | | | | | | | |
| Strategic Plan Reference: | Direction 7: | An engaging and accountable leadership focused on a strong future. | | | | | | | | |
| | Objective 7.4 Ensure a long term strategic focus drives financial policy ar decisions. | | | | | | | | | |

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1 Executive Summary

The Burnie City Council's Long-Term Financial Management Plan (FMP) is Council's key funding document. The FMP is a requirement under s70 of the *Local Government Act 1993*. The FMP sets out the principles Council uses when setting its financial strategies. This document provides users with information about how the Burnie City Council (the Council) intends to govern its financial decisions both now and into the future. The FMP guides the development and refinement of the Council's strategies, annual budget and actions. Through its strategies Council determines priorities and makes decisions balancing rates increases, commercial revenue and user fees against the community's capacity to pay, while delivering core services and constructing and maintaining community assets. Burnie is a regional centre and Council provides a broad range of services that rival much larger jurisdictions, and as such rates in Burnie are typically higher than surrounding Councils.

To further conform with the requirements of s70A of the Act, the Council, at its meeting of 26 March 2024 adopted its 4-year Financial Management Strategy as part of its integrated planning framework. This document sets out how the Council will fund the delivery of its 4-year Council Plan and 4-year Asset Management Strategy over the remaining term of the Council.

Council's cash position has been eroded in recent years due to previous financial strategies that saw Council run operating deficits over several years and more recently the impacts of COVID-19. In June 2020 Council borrowed \$10.4 million to support its operations due to insufficient cash reserves at that time. Since then, Council has modified its financial strategies, instead working hard to improve its financial performance and cash position, through reducing expenditure, evaluating income streams and setting expectations of having a balanced or surplus budget position each year. Council's position however will not be repaired in a short period of time, it will take many years for the Council to start to realise financial sustainability for the future. Having adequate cash reserves are vital for responding to unexpected events, such as the substantial road damage caused by floods in October 2022, pandemics such as COVID-19, and is imperative to long term financial sustainability.

Council continues to review its operations to improve performance, build an adequate amount of cash reserves and pay down debt. Significant changes to discretionary services and the organisational structure of the Council over the past several years has realized improvement of the Council's financial position. More must be done however to recognise financial sustainability for the future and there is now limited opportunities to provide savings from an operational perspective.

As such the Council has committed to an improvement over the next two years constituting an uplift of \$450,000 to this FMP. The plan is underpinned by strategic considerations such as disposal of assets and changes to existing services over the two-year period in order to achieve the objectives of this FMS.

Council has limited capacity to borrow funds, due to existing loan commitments and operational constraints, which will limit Council's ability to significantly upgrade or build new community assets, until uncommitted cash reserves are restored.

The FMP provides a foundation for restored financial sustainability now and into the future, with projected surplus budgets over the 10 year period of the plan.

During the FMP horizon, Council looks forward to delivering the following key projects:

- New Coastal Pathway
- New Cultural Precinct
- New UTAS Band Rooms (once transferred to Council)

- Implementing gateway markers at three entrances to Burnie
- Upgrade of Three Mile Line intersection
- Restoring flood damaged roads
- Implementing flood warning systems for Emu River

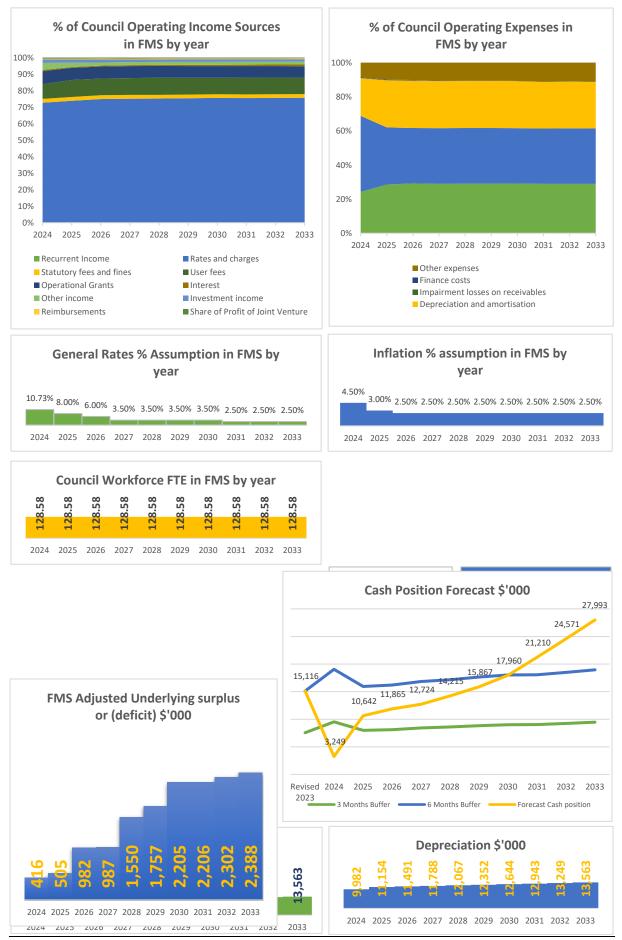
These strategic projects, predominantly government funded, demonstrate Council's commitment to having functional and safe roads, improving our ability to respond to potential disasters while enhancing recreation, arts, culture and creativity for our City.

The projections contained in the financial modelling and which are based upon certain assumptions, produce the following outcomes:

- The ability to keep the rate burden for our community to around CPI each year.
- Surpluses predicted over the full year 10 year period of the FMS.
- Council's cash reserves will be restored and then increase after 2030 (following the discharge of existing borrowings).
- Due to improved cash reserves, Council will have increased capacity to respond to unexpected events and disasters that it has had in the past, but will still rely on significant government contributions to respond appropriately.
- Council will continue to have the necessary funds to deliver its existing services and pay its debts when they fall due. Any future increase in service levels will require additional resources and funds and is therefore likely to increase rates.
- Council will have the necessary funds available for projected capital expenditure requirements over the next 10 years and as cash reserves increase, will be able to start considering strategic infrastructure needs.

These outcomes demonstrate Council's commitment to keeping the rate burden of our community as low as possible whilst maintaining financial sustainability and ensuring the ongoing ability to deliver important services to the community.

This plan is however based upon assumptions and nobody can predict the future. Therefore it is expected that this plan will guide financial decision making, however our success will be dependent upon the Council's capacity to implement it. Council will therefore follow the principles contained within this FMP and underpinning FMS when setting its Annual Plan and Budget Estimates for the organisation so as to ensure a strong financial future for the City of Burnie.



1.2 Alignment with Council Strategy

Council's integrated planning framework guides Council in identifying community needs and aspirations over the long term (Our Vision), medium term (Council Plan – 4 years) and short term (Annual Plan and Budget Estimates). The Council monitors its performance during the year through its reporting framework and is measured on the success of this plan through the Audited Financial Statements and Annual Report.

Council is currently in the process of developing a new Strategic Plan for the next 20 year period. This Plan is being co-created with the Burnie community to ensure that it aligns with the community's expectations for their City during the period, moderated against the Council's capacity to deliver on the outcomes necessary.

The FMP is the key funding document for Council. It ensures that Council can fund its existing operations, maintain and renew its existing community assets and considers future infrastructure needs identified in Council's long term asset management planning. It is therefore one of the primary inputs into the development of Council's Annual Plan and Budget Estimates.

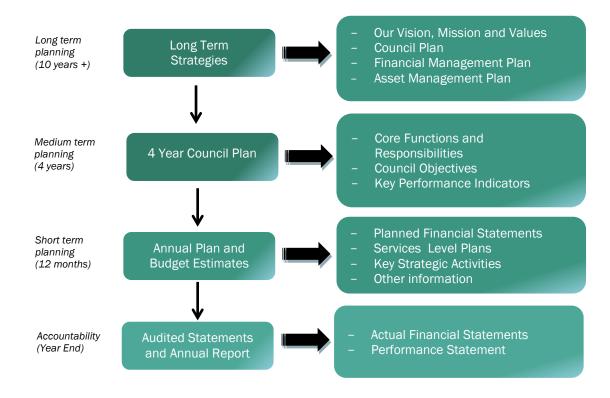
Council make a number of assumptions about the future within the FMP. It is expected that actual performance will differ from planned performance, due to uncertainty, risk and change. Comparing Council performance against the FMS allows Council to identify when corrective actions are required to ensure that financial objectives identified within this plan can still be achieved.

Council documents key aspects of its service that are subject to significant change and variation, which subsequently create a risk for the delivery of its desired outcomes, in its Financial Risk Register (see *Risk Management*).

Council provides sensitivity analysis information that allows users of the FMP to calculate how changes in financial items may impact the financial performance and position of the Council (see *Sensitivity Analysis*).

These assumptions form the basis of key performance indicators, which allow Council to monitor how it is tracking against its planned financial performance over the long term (*see Financial Targets and Financial Management Strategy Insights*).

The linkage between the FMP and Council's integrated planning framework is represented in the following diagram.



1.3 Where does this document fit into Financial Management?

The FMP is an important part of the overall financial management activities of Council. The following table demonstrates the context within how this document fits into the overall financial management framework of the Council.



- Strategic Planning
- Communication Strategies
- Other Policy Decisions
- External Impacts
- Local Government Act Regulations Accounting Standards
- Community Government Grants
- Other External Factors

- Long-term Financial Planning Budgeting
 - Management Reporting
 - Financial Reporting
 - Revenue Collection
- Maintenance of Accoun
- Records Internal Control Frameworl
- Asset Management Plan
- Cash Management
- **C** Investme
- Manage Debt Portfolio Cash Flow Budgeting

- Elected Body Set Policy
- Ro
 - Set and Adopt Annual Budg Corporate Performance Management Delegate Authority Community Consultation
 - Receive/Review Information
 - Management
 - Advise/Inform Elected Body Set Administrative Policy Prepare Annual Budget
 - Set Standards and Measur

2 Financial Principles

The Council sets its FMP by considering and balancing the following principles:

Principle 1: The Community's finances will be managed responsibly to enhance the wellbeing of residents.

Council will ensure it only raises the revenue it needs to deliver upon its FMP, and does so in the most efficient and equitable manner possible. Council will manage community funds according to best practice standards and ensure information regarding its financial management decisions is accessible to the community. Council will ensure that it only delivers those services that cannot be delivered more efficiently and effectively by other providers.

Principle 2: Council will maintain community wealth to ensure that the wealth enjoyed by today's generation may also be enjoyed by tomorrow's generation.

Council will seek to achieve equity across generations by recognising that each generation must pay its way with respect to recurrent expenses being met from recurrent revenue (the full cost of the service it consumes).

Council will invest sustainably in community assets to maintain (and at times enhance) service levels where possible.

Principle 3: Council's financial position will be robust enough to recover from unanticipated events, and absorb the volatility inherent in revenues and expenses.

Council will ensure it accumulates and maintains sufficient financial resources and has the borrowing capacity to deal with volatility and unexpected events.

Council's operational budget will be flexible enough to ensure that volatility in revenues and expenses as a result of the changing economic environment can be absorbed.

Principle 4: Resources will be allocated to those activities that generate community benefit.

Council will ensure that robust and transparent processes are in place for the allocation and prioritisation of resources through budgetary decision-making, as well as for choosing the most effective methods for delivering specific services and projects. Strategies will include a robust costbenefit analysis in preparing and assessing proposals.

3 Financial Management Strategies

3.1 Rating Strategy

Council sets its rating strategy balancing the following factors:-

- The quality, frequency and range of services provided by the Council
- The capital works program, centred around renewal of existing assets but considering future needs such as potential upgrade and new works, including the corresponding full life cycle costs

- The predicted amount of Commonwealth and State funding to be received, based on executed agreements.
- User-pays policies, recovering revenue through the use of council services and assets on a commercial or cost-recovery basis, or community subsidised basis where determined.
- The socio-economic profile of the municipal area as an indicator of our community's capacity to afford increases.
- The current and predicted future economic environment and its implications for the Council's revenue streams and expenditure growth.

Rates revenue comprises 73% (in 2024) of total revenue received by the Council. Therefore this is one of the most important considerations the Council makes, in order to ensure it can operate sustainably both now and into the future.

The aim of rates and charges decision-making is to spread the burden fairly across the community with those that have the greatest capacity to pay paying more than those with a lessor capacity to pay.

Burnie is a regional centre and Council provide a broad range of services which rival larger cities such as Hobart and Launceston, such as an airport, Cultural Centre and Aquatic Centre. This is challenging for our City as our ratepayer base is considerably smaller than those larger cities meaning that costs are not shared across as many ratable properties. As such, rates in Burnie are typically higher than the state average.

Council's rates strategy within the life of this FMP is based upon keeping annual rate increases similar to that of CPI.

3.1.1 Rating Structure

Council has established a rating structure comprising two key elements – general rates and service charges.

The general rates are levied based on the Annual Assessed Value (AAV) of properties as determined by the State Government through the Office of the Valuer-General. Property values generally reflect the capacity of the ratepayer to pay.

Service charges are levied to recover the cost of specific services provided within the municipal area. Council's service rates currently cover stormwater and waste management services. More information regarding Council's approach to determining and collecting rates from the community can be found in Council's Rates and Charges Policy available on Council's website.

3.2 Asset Management Strategy

The key objective of Council's Asset Management Strategy is to hold assets that the community value and use, that also generate income where possible (to reduce the rates burden). Assets that do not meet this criteria may be sold with proceeds either being reinvested in assets that do meet this criteria, or to providing financial sustainability for our City.

As the community asset custodian, Council maintains key assets at the desired condition levels to support effective service delivery and community use. This FMP is based upon maintaining the current level of service. Should an increase in service level be required, this would add additional cost to the

Council. If sufficient funding is not allocated to asset renewal annually then the condition of Council's assets will decline which may subsequently decrease Council's capacity to deliver services to the community.

Council's Asset Management Policy ensures that adequate provision is made for the long-term replacement of existing assets by:

- Ensuring that Council's services and infrastructure are provided in a sustainable manner, with the appropriate levels of service to residents, visitors and the environment.
- Safeguarding Council assets, including physical assets and employees, by implementing appropriate asset management strategies and the financial treatment of those assets.
- Creating an environment where all Council employees play an integral part in overall management of Council assets, by creating and sustaining asset management awareness throughout the organisation through training and development.
- Meeting legislative compliance for asset management.
- Ensuring resources and operational capabilities are identified and responsibility for asset management is allocated.
- Demonstrating transparent and responsible asset management processes that align with demonstrated best practice.

Importantly the FMP is based upon the renewal of existing assets only, it does not provide for new assets with the exception of three new assets that have been determined by the Council. These are the Coastal Pathway, the new Cultural Precinct and the UTAS Band Rooms which will ultimately transfer to the community.

This means that any decision taken by the Council to build any additional new assets outside of the agreed strategic Council priorities, will:

- Increase ongoing lifecycle costs of assets such as depreciation, staffing and maintenance;
- Decrease predicted surpluses and Council's cash reserves;
- Require loan borrowings which will add to inter-generational debt and add significant operational costs to service the loan payments;
- Increase asset renewal funding requirements over the long term; and
- Result in a need to increase rates to support the above.

3.3 Treasury Strategy

Through treasury management, Council ensures there are sufficient funds to support operations and capital program requirements at all times, with surplus funds being invested in low risk term deposits to maximise returns while emphasising security of funds.

Managing financial risk is a core component of treasury management. Ensuring that Council raises and collects sufficient revenue is imperative. Interest rates are a key variable in determining the return Council is able to achieve on its investments.

Council manages the financing and funding of its operations, capital program and future needs through forward financial planning and projections included in this FMP, and the Annual Plan and Budget Estimates. Cash requirements are monitored throughout the year.

Council targets an adequate cash buffer of 3 to 6 months coverage of operating costs in line with the recommendation of the Tasmanian Audit Office. It is imperative this cash buffer is maintained as it allows Council to not only run its business, but respond to unexpected events such as natural disasters and provides security against unforeseen or extenuating circumstances such as experienced recently with the impacts of COVID-19. During this FMP the Council aims to increase its cash buffer towards having 6 months coverage.

Council does not retain and quarantine money for particular future purposes unless required by legislation or agreement with other parties.

Council's operating and capital expenditure decisions are made based upon:

- statutory service delivery obligations;
- identified community needs and benefits relative to other options;
- the cost effectiveness of the proposed means of service delivery; and
- the affordability of new proposals having regard to Council's long-term financial sustainability.

More information regarding how Council manages its cash and treasury is contained in Council's Treasury Management Policy available on Council's website.

3.4 Investment Strategy

Cash reserves require careful management to both achieve optimum investment incomes and to ensure that cash is available when needed for planned expenditures. Funds will be invested in a manner that aims to maximise returns based on available interest rates, maturities and funds available to invest, while retaining flexibility in accessing those funds for Council purposes as required.

Council's FMP and Annual Plan and Budget Estimates will be used to provide direction on the amount and term of investments to be made. Council will ensure that enough funds are on hand to ensure that all its obligations can be met at any given time.

Funds are invested in accordance with the approved investment portfolio, credit risk framework and within the Council's stated risk appetite for financial matters which is outlined in the Risk Management Framework.

More information regarding how Council manages its investments is contained in Council's Treasury Management Policy.

3.5 Borrowing Strategy

Council may borrow funds to support the development of strategic capital projects that would otherwise be unable to undertaken. Where these are provided for, they are outlined in Council's relevant strategy documents.

The Council is mindful of intergenerational equity in terms of generating revenue to offset service costs. Council will seek to achieve equity across generations by recognising that each generation must pay its way with respect to recurrent expenses being met from recurrent revenue (the full cost of the service it consumes).

Council aims to achieve an underlying break even, or surplus position. This means that on average over time it will generate sufficient funds to offset the consumption of existing assets (through its depreciation expense). On average over time it will have sufficient capacity to accommodate asset renewal requirements without the need to raise additional borrowings.

In considering new debt, Council will consider the impact of borrowing costs on the sustainability of its operating position and its capacity to repay the debt.

Any funds that are not immediately required to meet approved expenditure may be applied to reduce Councils level of borrowings or to defer and/or reduce the level of new borrowings that would otherwise be required.

The FMP does not provide for any new borrowings across the life of this plan.

4 Financial Targets

4.1 Council Financial Management Plan Targets

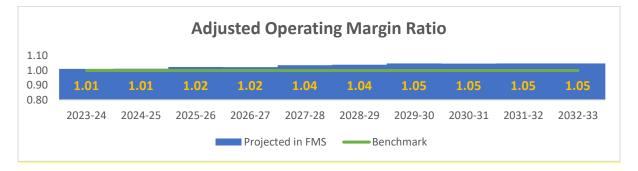
Council sets a number of targets as part of its FMP. These targets enable Council to monitor its performance and take corrective action where necessary to ensure that financial objectives are achieved.

4.1.1 Operating Margin Ratio

The operating margin measures operating effectiveness. The benchmark is 1.00 (when recurrent income equals recurrent expenditure). A result of less than 1.00 indicates a deficit. A result of more than 1.00 indicates a surplus. In 2023-24 Council is showing an operating margin ratio of less than 1.00 due to the impacts of undertaking construction work on the Wynyard section of the Coastal Pathway, which will ultimately be on-charged to Waratah Wynyard Council.

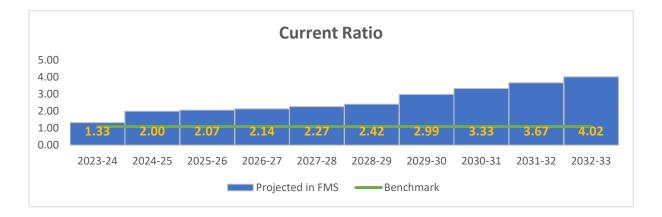


The adjusted operating margin adjusts for timing (Financial Assistance Grants) and one off impacts (such as the Wynyard section of the Coastal Pathway). Council are projecting operating surpluses over the life of the FMP. The Tasmanian Audit Office use the adjusted results when reporting on Council performance to Parliament.



4.1.2 Current Ratio

The current ratio measures the ability of Council to pay its short term financial obligations. The benchmark is greater than 1.10 (at a minimum). A result of less than 1.00 indicates Council cannot pay its bills when they are due. A result of more than 1.00 indicates Council can pay its bills when they are due.

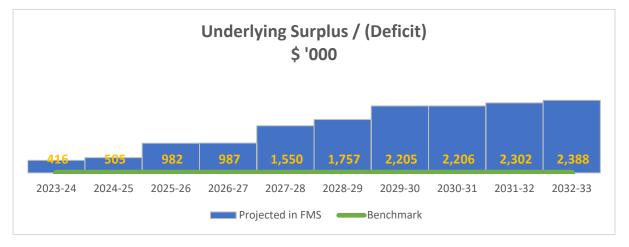


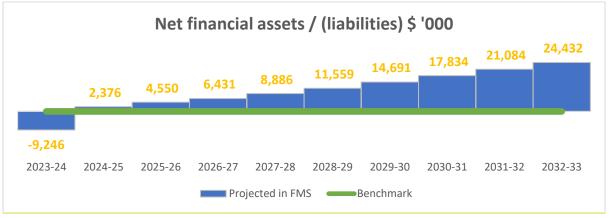
4.2 Council Financial Management Indicators

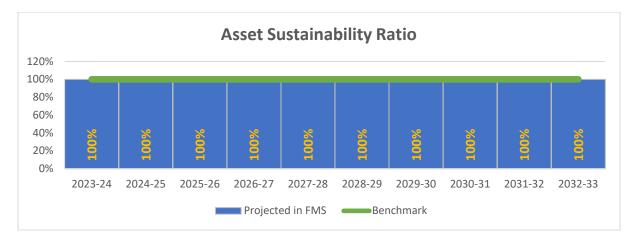
Section 84(2A) of the Local Government Act and Local Government (Management Indicators) Order (S.R.2014, No. 36) set out a number of indicators that Council must report on. The Tasmanian Audit Office has set the benchmark for each indicator.

| Target Measure | Description of Measure | Benchmark | Benchmark achieved in FMS |
|---|--|-----------|---|
| Underlying surplus / (deficit) | Revenue less expenses for the financial year. Adjusts the net result to remove one off items that are not part of council's normal day to day operations to understand how Council has performed. | >\$0 | YES |
| Underlying surplus (deficit) ratio | A positive percentage indicates a surplus result. A negative percentage indicates a deficit result. The higher the percentage the higher the surplus. | >0% | YES |
| Net financial assets / (liabilities) | Measures how much liquid assets the council has left after allowing for financial liabilities. | \$0 | NO Not met in 2023-24 due to capital work in advance of cash (grant funding) received (see contract assets). Met in all other years |
| Net financial assets / (liabilities) ratio | Measures the extent to which net liabilities can be met by operating income. A falling ratio indicates capacity to meet obligations in strengthening. | 0% to 50% | NO Not met in 2023-24 due to capital work in advance of cash (grant funding) received (see contract assets). Met in all other years |
| Asset consumption ratio - Buildings | Shows the average 'new' condition left in the depreciable asset class | >60% | Revision of Council Asset Management Plan is underway. This ratio therefore cannot |

| | | | be calculated at this time. |
|--|--|----------|---|
| Asset consumption ratio - Transport | Shows the average 'new' condition left in the depreciable asset class | >60% | Revision of Council Asset Management Plan is underway. This ratio therefore cannot be calculated at this time. |
| Asset consumption ratio - Drainage | Shows the average 'new' condition left in the depreciable asset class | >60% | Revision of Council Asset Management Plan is underway. This ratio therefore cannot be calculated at this time. |
| Asset renewal funding ratio | Measures the capacity to fund asset replacements for the future (based on financial management and asset management long term plans) | 90%-100% | Revision of Council Asset Management Plan is underway. This ratio therefore cannot be calculated at this time. |
| Asset sustainability ratio | Compares spending on existing infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (renewal) with depreciation. | 100% | YES |







5 Financial Modelling

The Financial Management Plan includes estimated financial statements showing the long-term financial position and performance of the Burnie City Council over the next 10 years. The following statements are included:

- Statement of Comprehensive Income
- Statement of Financial Position
- Statement of Cash Flows

A number of assumptions, documented below, are made in estimating the future performance and position of the Council. Assumptions are required due to uncertainty in the future. Actual performance may vary in the future with any variances needing to be managed within the annual budget estimates process and performance management during the financial year.

Information regarding risks and uncertainties can be found in the sections related to *Risk Management* and *Sensitivity Analysis*.

These assumptions form the basis of key performance indicators that allow Council to monitor its performance against this plan and take action as required to deliver the projected outcomes over the 10 year period of the Financial Management Plan.

5.1 Modelling Methodology

Following each statement are descriptions of the assumptions specifically applied to produce the FMP estimates.

Modelling is based on:

- The 2022-23 original Annual Plan and Budget Estimates, adjusted for one off items, structural changes and recent council decisions as the base for the projections.
- A review of external economic conditions and context, establishing and linking relevant indexation factors as drivers for future revenue and expenditure changes.
- Alignment with relevant Council strategic documents.

5.2 Economic Context and Indexation Factors

Council conducted a review of the current and projected economic conditions, using reputable sources.

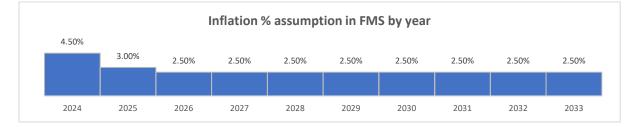
There is continued significant inflationary pressure. The annual increases in General CPI (all groups) measures to 31 December 2022 were 7.83% (Aust wide) and 7.73% (Hobart, TAS). The annual increases in General CPI (all groups) measures to 31 March 2023 were 7.83% (Aust wide) and 6.9% (Hobart, TAS). CPI has continued to be underpinned by house price, construction materials and fuel price increases with wage increasing also starting to exert pressure. CPI continues to remain high even though interests continue to increase.

Predicting inflation rates is extremely challenging and therefore Council uses the mid-range of these economist predictions. These forecasts are based on peak inflation having been reached in December 2022 with lowering inflation until a return to long run inflation of 2.5% within the RBA target inflation band.

There is a risk that Australia will enter a recession (20% - 40% chance) during 2024. There is a risk that a wage price spiral will be created where increasing inflation fuels continued wage increases, though this is currently not expected to arise and is therefore considered a low risk.

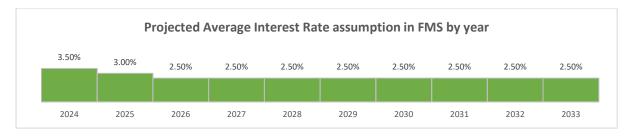
The expected impact of rising interest rates on reducing household spending will continue to be monitored (approximately 6 month lag). This is expected to impact community discretionary income which will impact some council revenue sources. Furthermore, due to cost of living pressures, Council must carefully consider rates increases against the community's capacity to pay.

Key economic indicators included in the model are



Increased costs due to inflation above predictions will result in higher costs across the FMS horizon. Sensitivity analysis below shows the dollar impact of a 1% variation in inflation and the % increase in rates required to offset.

| | | | 2024 \$'000 | 2025 \$'000 | 2026 \$'000 | 2027 \$'000 | 2028 \$'000 | 2029 \$'000 | 2030 \$'000 | 2031 \$'000 | 2032 \$'000 | 2033 \$'000 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Sensitivity Analysis | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | Impact of Inflation on N | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Links to expected inflation % | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Assumption in FMS | increase within F | MP | 20,028 | 13,590 | 13,387 | 13,953 | 14,248 | 14,672 | 14,883 | 15,303 | 15,731 | 16,069 |
| \$ impact if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 200 | 136 | 134 | 140 | 142 | 147 | 149 | 153 | 157 | 161 |
| % impact on rates if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 0.70% | 0.45% | 0.42% | 0.42% | 0.42% | 0.41% | 0.41% | 0.41% | 0.41% | 0.41% |



The average interest rate is the expected return Council will achieve on its term deposit investments, not borrowing interest rates. Changes in interest rates will affect Council interest revenue.

5.3 Statement of Comprehensive Income

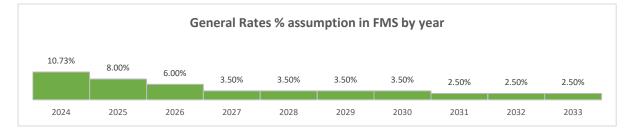
5.3.1 Recurrent Income

Rates and charges

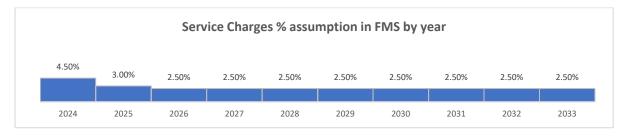
The FMP recognises that the price of delivering services to the community over time will increase, forecast in this FMS to occur each year, which is typically the case. Therefore the level of rates levied to cover those services will also need to increase annually in order to continue to deliver the same level of service. At the same time Council proactively reviews its operations to find cost reductions or additional income streams in order to offset significant rates increases.

Rating decisions are made by Council on an annual basis through the Annual Plan and Budget Estimates process and may vary from the assumptions documented within the FMP.

General Rates in the FMP have been modelled on the basis of a 10.73% increase in 2023-24 based upon the General CPI (all groups) (Hobart TAS) annual measure to 31 December 2022, plus 3%. From 2025 to 2026 rates are scheduled to remain a percentage above expected CPI. From 2027 to 2030 it is expected that rate increases will be able to align more closely with CPI at 3.5% per annum until the \$10.4 million loan is repaid, after which it is forecast to reduce again to 2.5% per annum for the remaining years.



Service charges for waste and stormwater have been modelled on the basis of the 4.5% increase in 2023-24, dropping to 3% in 2025 and then decreasing again in 2026 to 2.5% matching long run inflation expectations.



During 2023-24 Council will be undertaking a comprehensive review of waste services to align the service route with those properties that have access to the service and receive the service charge. It is expected that there will be anomalies found and Council is expecting an uplift of \$100,000 in income for these waste services following completion of this review.

Rates income in the FMP does not take into account the redistributive effects of revaluations in the future. Full revaluation of property only occurs on a seven year basis, and therefore the State Government through the Office of the Valuer-General, undertake Adjusted AAV processes (last reviewed for the 2022-23 financial year) approximately each four year period. This ensures that property values take account of property markets trends periodically, and are not left to ratepayers to absorb each seven year period.

Fire levies are set by the State Government and are outside the control of the Council. The Fire Levy increase has been modelled on the basis of estimates contained within the 2022-23 State Government Budget paper for the State Fire Commission.

The State Government has also introduced a Landfill Levy for all municipal areas which took effect on 1 July 2022 at \$20 plus indexation per tonne of waste. The State Government has advised of increases to \$40 plus indexation per tonne on 1 July 2024 and \$60 plus indexation per tonne on 1 July 2026. These increased costs for waste services have been factored into the FMS on a full cost recovery basis. This will be recovered through a combination of the Landfill Levy applied to each ratable property, and through increased usage fees at the Waste Transfer Station.

The rates discount has been modelled at 2% for the full term of the FMS.

| | Revised | | | | | Strategic Pr | ojections | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Budget | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| General Rates | 17,552 | 19,370 | 20,919 | 22,175 | 22,951 | 23,754 | 24,585 | 25,446 | 26,082 | 26,734 | 27,402 |
| Waste Service Charges | 4,312 | 4,603 | 4,741 | 4,859 | 4,981 | 5,105 | 5,233 | 5,364 | 5,498 | 5,635 | 5,776 |
| Stormwater Service Charges | 1,879 | 1,799 | 1,853 | 1,899 | 1,947 | 1,995 | 2,045 | 2,096 | 2,149 | 2,202 | 2,257 |
| Add: Supplementary Rates | 137 | 152 | 164 | 174 | 180 | 186 | 193 | 199 | 204 | 209 | 215 |
| | 23,880 | 25,923 | 27,677 | 29,107 | 30,058 | 31,041 | 32,056 | 33,105 | 33,933 | 34,781 | 35,651 |
| % change in rates | | 8.55% | 6.77% | 5.17% | 3.27% | 3.27% | 3.27% | 3.27% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.50% |
| Fire Levy | 2,281 | 2,376 | 2,481 | 2,592 | 2,708 | 2,830 | 2,958 | 3,091 | 3,230 | 3,375 | 3,527 |
| Landfill Levy | 120 | 129 | 266 | 273 | 420 | 431 | 442 | 453 | 464 | 475 | 485 |
| Total rates and charges | 26,281 | 28,428 | 30,424 | 31,971 | 33,186 | 34,302 | 35,455 | 36,649 | 37,626 | 38,631 | 39,663 |
| Overall \$ Change | | 2,147 | 1,996 | 1,547 | 1,215 | 1,116 | 1,154 | 1,193 | 978 | 1,005 | 1,032 |
| Overall % Change | | 8.17% | 7.02% | 5.09% | 3.80% | 3.36% | 3.36% | 3.37% | 2.67% | 2.67% | 2.67% |

The effective overall rate increase is modelled in the following table:

Statutory Fees and Fines

Statutory fees and fines relate mainly to fees and fines levied in accordance with legislative requirements. They include building fees, planning fees, parking fines, and animal registrations. These items are generally indexed to General Fees and Charges unless the item relates to an alternative index. For example permit application fees are linked to the value of building works and indexed accordingly.

User Fees

User fees relate to the recovery of service delivery costs through the charging of fees to users of Council's services. These include income such as for parking fees, cultural precinct revenue and the hire of halls and sporting grounds. These items are generally indexed to General Fees and Charges

unless the item relates to an alternative index. For example parking fees are linked to Council's parking strategy of 3 yearly increases based on the previous 3 year's CPI.

Grants

The main source of grant revenue is from the State Grants Commission (SGC) in the form of Financial Assistance Grants (FAG). FAG payments methodology includes a factor for population changes. It has been assumed that the population will remain constant and the current base funding will continue, indexed at 2.5% based on Commonwealth Government Budget Papers 2022-23 projections. In recent years Council has received 50% of next financial year payment in the current financial year, with 75% received in advance for 2022-23. The adjusted surplus / deficit provided in the FMP is based on Council receiving 50% advance payments in all FMP years, which is traditionally the case.

Other operating grants are included where there is an executed agreement in place.

Reimbursements

Reimbursements are indexed to General Fees and Charges unless the reimbursement relates to cost recovery for an item that is linked to an alternative index.

Council has benefited from receiving a reimbursement of interest paid on its \$10.4 million COVID-19 concessional loan taken in June 2020. This reimbursement ceases in June 2023, reducing income by \$150,435.

Other Income

Other income includes rates penalties and rental income on Council properties.

Rates penalties are based on the current debtor level and structure, to Reserve Bank of Australia 10 year Bond yield rate at the end of February each year for penalty interest rate setting as per the *Local Government Act 1993*. It is expected that the subsequent rates increases will flow through to a corresponding increase in the value of penalties.

Rental income from Council properties is indexed to General CPI, where applicable. Some rentals agreements do not index.

Investment Income

Dividends and distributions occur as a result of Council's ownership interests in other entities and are dependent on continued ownership and profitability of those entities.

Distributions from TasWater have been allowed for in line with the entity's Corporate Plan (based on Council's equity of 4.14%). It should be noted that the distributions are outside the control of Council and there is some risk that dividends will not be paid in line with the entity's Corporate Plan although this is considered a low risk at this time.

Distributions from Burnie Airport Corporation are based on the entity's Corporate Plan and projections. Projected profits are higher than history due to increased travel post COVID-19 and Qantas now flying into the airport. Any reduction in passenger numbers will reduce the profit distribution.

Interest

Interest receipts on investments are based on expected cash flows, funds available for investment and expected interest rates (*see economic conditions*) for Council's investment portfolio. Funds are invested, using rates paid upfront (estimated 60% of ratepayers pay upfront and receive the rates discount) until they are required for operating purposes during the year, in line with the Treasury Management Policy.

5.3.2 Recurrent Expenses

Employee Benefits

The current Council Enterprise Bargaining Agreement contains an annual increase of 2.3%. The agreement finishes on 30 June 2023. Enterprise bargaining between management and employees is under active negotiation. At the time of developing the FMP however it is uncertain the outcome of these negotiations and therefore the Annual Plan and Budget Estimates will need to account for this more precisely once known.

Employee benefits are based on the Council's position establishment, which details the number of employees required to deliver existing Council services. The FMP is modelled on staffing of 128.85 FTE per annum.

A portion of some employee costs are capitalised as part of the construction and renewal of Council assets. Council's ability to set an achievable capital works program, to ensure its full delivery against operational and reactive circumstances is imperative to the Council achieving its desired financial sustainability into the future.

Appropriate provisions for all leave and on-costs are included in the FMP, including the staged increases in the Superannuation Guarantee Contribution.

Materials and Services

In general materials and services has been indexed to General CPI.

Exceptions to this include:

- Insurance costs (expected to grow at 12% per annum in 2023-24 and then at general inflation afterwards) based on current expectations of the insurance market.
- Rental of communications towers for commercial communications operations (indexed at 5%).

As part of its new operating model, Council has allocated funds each year to support the delivery of a range of vibrant and engaging events for the City, and to enable funding for the Council's community grants program.

In addition Council has included projected savings of \$300,000 which will be made possible through the new waste contracting agreement with Dulverton.

Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation is an accounting measure which attempts to allocate the value of an asset over its useful life. It is the financial representation of consumption of the service in Council's assets. Annual depreciation therefore is an estimate of funds that will need to be spent at some time in the future to

renew Councils existing assets (refer to the asset sustainability ratio). Depreciation is estimated based on the expected capital works program.

The factors affecting the consumption of an asset are:

- the quality of the original asset;
- the wear and tear to which the asset is subjected;
- the environment in which the asset is operated or constructed;
- the maintenance provided to the asset;
- technical obsolescence; and
- commercial obsolescence.

Across the life of this FMP, depreciation remains a significant liability which materially impacts the Council's financial sustainability.

During 2023-24 and 2024-25 Council will review its existing assets as part of developing its revised long-term Asset Management Plan and 4-year Asset Management Strategy. Part of this consideration will be to consider the consolidation or disposal of assets that are surplus to requirements that pose a risk to the Council or are not utilized adequately. This review is expected to achieve a saving of \$25,000 (2023-24) and a further \$25,000 (2024-25) on a recurrent basis over the life of the FMP.

Finance Costs

Finance costs relate to interest charged by financial institutions on funds borrowed. The level of borrowings and the level of interest rates influence borrowing costs.

The FMP does not include any new borrowings and includes the principal and interest repayments on Council's existing loan facilities. All Council's existing loans are for a fixed term and are at a fixed interest rate for the full term of the loan.

Other Expenses

Other expenses include levies to the State Government for land tax and fire levies, water and sewer rates, remissions, discounts, councillor allowances and auditor remuneration.

In general other expenses has been indexed to General CPI.

An allowance of \$150,000 has been provided in 2026-27 and 2030-31 for one off electoral commission costs associated with the conduct of local government elections in those years.

5.3.3 Capital Items

Capital grants

Capital grants revenue is recognised as performance obligations are met, based on projected percentage completion of work at the relevant year end. Only executed agreements for those grants that are known, are included in the FMP.

Net gain / (loss) on disposal of assets

Council disposes of assets as part of its normal operations. Net gain / (loss) on disposal of assets is estimated based on previous 5 years historical data, excluding non-recurrent items and any strategic transactions known.

5.4 Statement of Financial Position

Council is projecting a strong current ratio throughout the 10 year FMP period, meaning it will be able to meet its current liabilities as and when they fall due.

It has been assumed that the structure of debtors and payables cycles will remain constant over the 10 year period with the value increasing by CPI.

Inventory levels reflect standard operating requirements.

Other assets predominantly reflect expected prepayments at year end, particularly for software licenses and subscriptions.

Contract assets relate to externally funded capital works that have been completed (based on expected year end completion percentage) under an executed agreement creating a receivable to be paid in the future. These amounts must be funded prior to receiving.

Council no longer operates Tas Communications, so there are no investments in subsidiaries.

Council estimates the value of revaluations based on expected asset values and relevant indices.

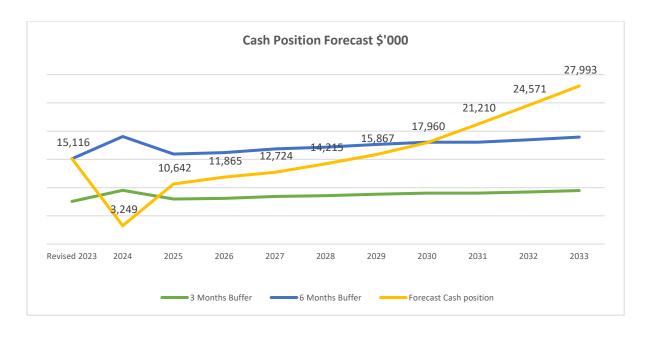
Contract liabilities reflect funds Council has received under an executed deed but services or capital projects have not yet been delivered. Once delivered, revenue is recognised and the contract liability is extinguished.

Employee provisions reflect expected FTE (128.85 per year) and anticipated wages indexation.

5.5 Statement of Cash Flows

Council needs to ensure that enough funds are on hand at any point in order to meet its operational funding requirements.

The Tasmanian Audit Office consider a cash buffer (using the cash expense cover ratio) of between 3 to 6 months as "adequate" to cover operating activities of the Council. This ratio indicates the number of months the Council could operate on current monthly expenditure (excluding the delivery of capital works) without additional cash flow. Council's expected cash position against the buffer is displayed below.



Council will maintain an appropriate cash buffer across 9 out of the 10 years of the Financial Management Plan. The buffer is lower in 2023-24 financial year due to council funding major capital projects prior to the receipt of grant funds (refer to contract assets on the statement of financial position for details). After these major projects are completed the cash buffer is restored. The cash buffer starts to accumulate following the payout out of the current COVID-19 concessional loan in 2030. The accumulation of cash outside of the cash buffer, allows Council to consider funding new strategic assets.

5.5.1 Operating Activities

Cash generated from operating activities refers to cash generated or used in the delivery of Council's normal services. Cash remaining after paying for the provision of services to the community may be available for investment in capital works or repayment of debt. Council predominantly uses the funds generated from operating activities to fund its capital works program.

The net cash flows provided by operating activities do not equal the operating result for the year due to the expected revenues and expenses including non-cash items which have been excluded from the Statement of Cash Flows. The following table is a reconciliation of cash provided from operating activities to the operating surplus/(deficit) for the year in line with the Comprehensive Income Statement:

| | Revised | Strategic Projections | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|--|
| | Budget | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | |
| Result from continuing operations | 4,721 | 29,510 | 5,720 | 1,502 | 1,508 | 2,072 | 2,281 | 2,729 | 2,731 | 2,828 | 2,915 | |
| Non-cash flows | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 9,284 | 9,982 | 11,154 | 11,491 | 11,788 | 12,067 | 12,352 | 12,644 | 12,943 | 13,249 | 13,563 | |
| Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets | 392 | (539) | 371 | 381 | 390 | 400 | 410 | 420 | 431 | 44 <u>1</u> | 453 | |
| Contributions - non-monetary assets | (3,496) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded a | (1,931) | (34,806) | (5,397) | (484) | (484) | (484) | (484) | (484) | (484) | (484) | (484) | |
| Changes in assets and liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables | 21 | (481) | (232) | (160) | (144) | (73) | (114) | (117) | (89) | (90) | (91) | |
| (increase)/decrease in other assets | (72) | (24) | (17) | (14) | (15) | (15) | (16) | (16) | (16) | (17) | (17) | |
| - (increase)/decrease in inventories | (5) | (3) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | |
| increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables | 268 | 235 | 180 | 151 | 121 | 124 | 128 | 131 | 120 | 123 | 126 | |
| increase/(decrease) in other liabilities | 23 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (40) | |
| increase/(decrease) in provisions | 55 | 121 | 102 | 106 | 69 | 71 | 72 | 74 | 76 | 78 | 80 | |
| Cash flow from operations | 9,259 | 3,994 | 11,879 | 12,971 | 13,231 | 14,160 | 14,627 | 15,380 | 15,709 | 16,126 | 16,501 | |

5.5.2 Investing Activities

This refers to cash generated or used in the enhancement or creation of infrastructure assets and other assets. These activities also include capital grants and proceeds from the sale of property, infrastructure, plant and equipment.

Council plans for the renewal of its existing infrastructure in order to maintain current service levels. Only current committed strategic projects are included in the FMP and are funded, including the Coastal Pathway, Cultural Precinct redevelopment and the UTAS Band Rooms which will ultimately transfer to the Council. Council are counting on significant government funds to support the delivery of capital projects in 2023-24 and 2024-25.

Capital expenditure decisions are made based upon:

- identified community needs and benefits relative to other expenditure options;
- the cost effectiveness of the proposed means of service delivery; and
- the affordability of proposals having regard to Council's long-term financial sustainability.

Any asset sales over the life of the FMP will increase Council's cash reserves.

5.5.3 Financing Activities

This refers to cash generated or used in the financing of Council functions and include borrowings and repayment of borrowings and any associated costs.

5.5.4 Capital Works Expenditure and Asset Renewal Needs

The capital works program is based on committed strategic projects and ensuring the renewal of existing assets. Renewal expenditure reinstates the existing service potential or the life of an asset up to that which it had originally. It may reduce future operating and maintenance expenditure if completed at the optimum time.

Asset upgrades may be carried out to address deficiencies in current service levels or to meet new standards or statutory requirements. Expenditure on new assets will result in future costs for operations, maintenance, depreciation and capital renewal expenditure and therefore needs to be carefully considered by the Council. Council has not provisioned in the FMP for any new or upgraded assets above those that have a current Council decision.

Instead the FMP is based on the renewal of assets across the 10 year period of the FMP modelled on an asset sustainability ratio of 100%, or alternatively explained as the investment of funds equivalent to depreciation.

I

5.6 Sensitivity Analysis

Council has conducted a sensitivity analysis (what if scenarios) looking at material variabilities of projected revenue and expenditure within the FMP. These items include:

- The impact of inflation on materials and services expenditure
- A change in employee benefits expenditure due to changes in wage negotiations or structure
- The variation in commercial revenue and user fees that will be generated due to economic and market changes
- The variation in depreciation due to capital program delivery changes, the nature of work undertaken, and review of useful lives and revaluations

The table below shows the average impact for each item across the 10 year FMP horizon, the percentage change in the item, what the dollar impact is and what the corresponding percentage impact on the rating strategy would need to be to accommodate the revised scenarios. These figures are indicative only and are provided so users of the FMP can assess what the impact of positive and negative changes will be to the operating position of Council and its rating strategy.

| | | | Average impact over 10 years of FMP |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| Item | Impact of Inflation of Services Expe | | Amounts in \$'000 |
| Current Budget Assumption in FMP | Links to expected infl within F | | 15,186 |
| \$ impact if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 152 |
| % impact on rates if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 0.44% |
| Item | Increase in Employee Be | enefits expenditure | |
| Current Budget Assumption in FMP | Links to expected wages FMP | s % increase within | 12,793 |
| \$ impact if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 128 |
| % impact on rates if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 0.37% |

| Item | Commercial Rever | ue Variability | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|-------|
| Current Budget Assumption in FMP | This relates to incon commercial activities a may be impacted by ch | ind user fees, that | 4,628 |
| \$ impact if | changes (+ / -) by | 463 | |
| % impact on rates if | changes (+ / -) by | 10.00% | 1.34% |
| Item | Depreciation \ | | |
| Current Budget Assumption in FMP | Depreciation may vary year depending on o delivery, the nature of (new, upgrade or ren useful lives and r | 12,123 | |
| \$ impact if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 121 |
| % impact on rates if | changes (+ / -) by | 1.00% | 0.35% |

6 Risk Management

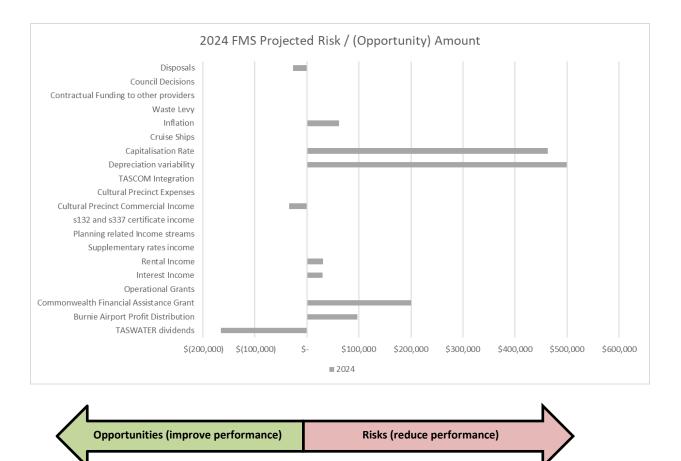
Council monitors key financial risks that may have a material impact on realising its FMP goals. These key risks highlight the uncertainty Council must manage to achieve its objectives. In accordance with the Risk Management Framework, Council has a "minimal" financial risk appetite with a preference for options that avoid risk or have low inherent risk.

6.1 Financial Risk Register

A summary view of the Council's financial risk register, based on current risks within the Statement of Comprehensive Income is included below (*Please note: Bracketed figures are revenue / non bracketed figures are expenses*).

Council maintain a comprehensive, detailed financial risk register that is reported against as part of Quarterly Council Financial Reports.

The risk register shows the items that will materially affect (in a positive or negative way) the predicted financial performance of Council. Council has management strategies in place to manage these risks. Items with no dollar value are not expected to vary, based on current assumptions or cannot be estimated at this time.



7 Estimated Financial Statements

| Burnie City Council | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | Revised | | Statement o | f comprehe | | Strategic Projec | rtions | | | | | |
| | Budget | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | |
| Recurrent Income | 26,281 | 28.428 | 30.424 | 31.971 | 33.186 | 34,302 | 35,455 | 36.649 | 37.626 | 38,631 | 39.663 | |
| Rates and charges Statutory fees and fines | 1,100 | 912 | 943 | 1.002 | 1.011 | 1.039 | 1,064 | 1.089 | 1.119 | 1.145 | 1,173 | |
| User fees | 3,879 | 3,485 | 4,224 | 4,284 | 4,500 | 4,711 | 4,779 | 4,849 | 5,076 | 5,150 | 5,226 | |
| Operational Grants | 2,443 | 3,067 | 3,041 | 3,114 | 3,188 | 3,264 | 3,342 | 3,422 | 3,504 | 3,548 | 3,634 | |
| Interest | 678 | 297 | 202 | 254 | 276 | 304 | 337 | 377 | 432 | 497 | 564 | |
| Other income | 735.96 828 | 1,675 828 | 1,075 828 | 787 828 | 802 711 | 817 731 | 832 | 847 780 | 859 780 | 871 780 | 883 780 | |
| Investment income Reimbursements | 505 | 217 | 224 | 231 | 236 | 242 | 756 248 | 255 | 261 | 268 | 274 | |
| Share of Profit of Joint Venture | 64 | 194 | 211 | 203 | 239 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | |
| Total recurrent income | 36,514 | 39,104 | 41,172 | 42,672 | 44,149 | 45,610 | 47,013 | 48,466 | 49,857 | 51,090 | 52,396 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recurrent Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employee benefits | 11,324 | 10,896 | 11,557 | 12,074 | 12,375 | 12,685 | 13,002 | 13,327 | 13,660 | 14,002 | 14,352 | |
| Materials and services Depreciation and amortisation | 12,296 9,284 | 20,028 | 13,590 11,154 | 13,387 11,491 | 13,953 11,788 | 14,248 12.067 | 14,672 12,352 | 14,883 12,644 | 15,303 12,943 | 15,731 13,249 | 16,069 13,563 | |
| Impairment losses on receivables | 9,284 | 9,982 | 11,154 | 11,491 | 11,788 | 12,067 | 12,352 | 12,644 | 12,943 | 13,249 | 13,563 | |
| Finance costs | 160 | 40 | 42 | 95 | 46 | 48 | 36 | 15 | | | | |
| Other expenses | 3,763 | 3.857 | 4.021 | 4.183 | 4.497 | 4.517 | 4.695 | 4.879 | 5.218 | 5.265 | 5.470 | |
| Total recurrent expenses | 36,828 | 44,939 | 40,478 | 41,274 | 42,735 | 43,621 | 44,807 | 45,801 | 47,180 | 48,305 | 49,513 | |
| , | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating surplus/(deficit) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| before capital items | (313) | (5,836) | 694 | 1,399 | 1,414 | 1,988 | 2,206 | 2,665 | 2,678 | 2,785 | 2,884 | |
| Capital Items | | 24.005 | 6 307 | | | 40.4 | | | 404 | 404 | | |
| Capital grants | 1,931 3,496 | 34,806 | 5,397 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | |
| Contributions - non-monetary assets Profit/(Loss) on disposal of assets | (392) | 539 | (371) | (381) | (390) | (400) | (410) | (420) | (431) | (441) | (453) | |
| | | | | | 94 | | | 64 | 53 | 43 | 32 | |
| | 5,034 | 35,346 | 5,026 | 104 | 94 | 84 | 74 | 04 | | | 32 | |
| | 5,034 | 35,346 | 5,026 | 104 | 94 | 84 | /4 | 04 | 35 | | | |
| Result from continuing operations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Result from continuing operations Surplus/(Deficit) | 4,721 | 29,510 | 5,026 | 1,502 | 1,508 | 2,072 | 2,281 | 2,729 | 2,731 | 2,828 | 2,915 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income | | 29,510 | 5,720 | | 1,508 | 2,072 | 2,281 | 2,729 | 2,731 | 2,828 | 2,915 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) | 4,721 | | | 1,502 | | | | | | | | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income | 4,721 32,900 32,900 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) | 4,721 | 29,510 | 5,720 | 1,502 | 1,508 | 2,072 | 2,281 | 2,729 | 2,731 | 2,828 | 2,915 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income | 4,721 32,900 32,900 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 74,449 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital igrants | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 (1,931) | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,515 0.87 74,449 (34,806) | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital igrants | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 (1,931) | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 74,449 (34,806) | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets | 4,721 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (323) | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants | 4,721 32,900 37,621 0,99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) - - | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (323) (900) 51 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) (308) (33) | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) - - (36) | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - - (37) | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - (38) | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - - (40) | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 (484) - - (41) | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) - - (43) | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,515 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (923) (900) | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,196 (5,397) (308) | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) - - | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - - | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - - | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,067 (484) - | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 (484) | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,515 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (923) (900) 51 37,871 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,196 (5,397) (308) (35) 40,458 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) - - (36) 42,256 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - - (37) 43,722 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - - (38) 45,172 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - (39) 46,564 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - - (40) 48,006 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 106 49,911 (484) - - (41) 49,386 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) 50,606 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) (43) 51,901 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income Recurrent Income | 4,721 32,900 37,621 0,99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) - - | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (323) (900) 51 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) (308) (33) | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) - - (36) | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - - (37) | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - (38) | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - - (40) | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 (484) - - (41) | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) - - (43) | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income | 4,721 32,900 37,621 0,99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,515 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (923) (900) 51 37,871 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,196 (5,397) (308) (35) 40,458 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) (36) 42,256 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - - (37) 43,722 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - - (38) 45,172 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - (39) 46,564 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - - (40) 48,006 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 106 49,911 (484) - - (41) 49,386 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) 50,606 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) (43) 51,901 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income Recurrent Expenditure Less non-operational expenditure Capital works completed on assets not owned by Council | 4,721 32,900 37,621 0,99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 74,449 (34,506) (923) (900) 51 37,871 44,939 (7,484) | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) (308) (335) 40,438 40,438 40,478 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) - (484) - (36) 42,236 41,274 - | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - (37) 43,722 42,735 - | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - (38) 45,172 43,621 - | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - (484) - - (39) 46,564 44,807 - | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - - (40) 48,006 45,801 - | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 (484) - - (41) 49,386 47,180 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) 50,606 48,305 - | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) (43) 51,901 49,513 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income Recurrent Expenditure Less non-operational expenditure Capital works completed on asset not owned by | 4,721 32,900 37,621 0,99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,515 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (923) (900) 51 37,871 44,939 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) (308) (35) 40,458 40,478 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) (36) 42,256 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - - (37) 43,722 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - - (38) 45,172 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - (39) 46,564 | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - - (40) 48,006 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 106 49,911 (484) - - (41) 49,386 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) 50,606 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) (43) 51,901 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income Recurrent Expenditure Less non-operational expenditure Capital werks completed on assets not owned by Council Recurrent Expenditure | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,515 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (923) (900) 31 37,871 44,939 (7,484) 37,456 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) - (308) (33) 40,438 40,438 40,478 (522) 39,953 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) (36) 42,256 41,274 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) (37) 43,722 42,735 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) (38) 45,172 43,621 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - (38) 46,564 44,807 - | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) (40) 48,006 45,801 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 (484) (41) 49,386 47,180 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) 50,606 48,305 - 48,305 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) (43) 51,901 49,513 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income Recurrent Expenditure Less non-operational expenditure Capital works completed on assets not owned by Council | 4,721 32,900 37,621 0,99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,615 0.87 74,449 (34,506) (923) (900) 51 37,871 44,939 (7,484) | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) (308) (335) 40,438 40,438 40,478 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) - (484) - (36) 42,236 41,274 - | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) - (37) 43,722 42,735 - | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) - (38) 45,172 43,621 - | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - (484) - - (39) 46,564 44,807 - | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) - - (40) 48,006 45,801 - | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 (484) - - (41) 49,386 47,180 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) 50,606 48,305 - | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) (43) 51,901 49,513 | |
| Surplus/(Deficit) Other Comprehensive Income Net asset revaluation increment/(decrement) Total Other Comprehensive Income Total Comprehensive Result Operating Margin Underlying surplus or deficit Recurrent Income Total income from continuing operations Less non operating income Capital grants Contributions - non-monetary assets Revenue from Constructed Assets Disposal of Land Adjustments to timing of Financial Assistance Grants Recurrent Income Recurrent Expenditure Less non-operational expenditure Capital werks completed on assets not owned by Council Recurrent Expenditure | 4,721 32,900 32,900 37,621 0.99 41,549 (1,931) (3,496) - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 29,510 19,105 19,105 48,515 0.87 74,449 (34,806) (923) (900) 31 37,871 44,939 (7,484) 37,456 | 5,720 14,236 14,236 19,956 1.02 46,198 (5,397) - (308) (33) 40,438 40,438 40,478 (522) 39,953 | 1,502 12,221 12,221 13,723 1.03 42,776 (484) (36) 42,256 41,274 | 1,508 12,509 12,509 14,017 1.03 44,243 (484) (37) 43,722 42,735 | 2,072 12,805 12,805 14,877 1.05 45,694 (484) (38) 45,172 43,621 | 2,281 13,107 13,107 15,388 1.05 47,087 (484) - - (38) 46,564 44,807 - | 2,729 13,417 13,417 16,146 1.06 48,530 (484) (40) 48,006 45,801 | 2,731 13,734 13,734 16,466 1.06 49,911 (484) (41) 49,386 47,180 | 2,828 14,059 14,059 16,887 1.06 51,132 (484) - - (42) 50,606 48,305 - 48,305 | 2,915 14,391 14,391 17,307 1.06 52,428 (484) (43) 51,901 49,513 | |

| | | | | Sta | tement o | f Financia | Position | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|--------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Revised Budget | | | | | Strategic Pr | alactions | | | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 |
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 15,116 | 3,249 | 10,642 | 11,865 | 12,724 | 14,215 | 15,867 | 17,960 | 21,210 | 24,571 | 27,993 |
| Trade and other receivables | 3,414 | 3,895 | 4,126 | 4,287 | 4,431 | 4,504 | 4,618 | 4,735 | 4,824 | 4,914 | 5,005 |
| Investments | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Prepayments | 535 | 559 | 576 | 590 | 605 | 620 | 636 | 652 | 668 | 685 | 702 |
| Inventories | 72 | 75 | 77 | 79 | 81 | 83 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 92 | 94 |
| Contract Assets | 121 | 6,645 | 308 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total current assets | 19,258 | 14,422 | 15,729 | 16,821 | 17,841 | 19,422 | 21,206 | 23,433 | 26,791 | 30,261 | 33,794 |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment in water corporation | 64,551 | 64,551 | 64,551 | 64,551 | 64,551 | 64.551 | 64,551 | 64,551 | 64,551 | 64,551 | 64,551 |
| Investment in joint venture | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 | 3,341 |
| Investment in subsidiaries | - | - | · - | · - | · - | · - | · - | · - | · - | · - | · - |
| Property, infrastructure, plant | 433,996 | 486,043 | 500,695 | 512,535 | 524,653 | 537,058 | 549,756 | 562,753 | 576,056 | 589,674 | 603,613 |
| and equipment | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Total non-current assets | 501,888 | 553,935 | 568,587 | 580,426 | 592,545 | 604,950 | 617,647 | 630,644 | 643,948 | 657,566 | 671,505 |
| Total assets | 521,146 | 568,357 | 584,315 | 597,247 | 610,387 | 624,372 | 638,853 | 654,078 | 670,739 | 687,827 | 705,299 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 3.716 | 3,951 | 4,131 | 4,282 | 4,403 | 4,527 | 4,654 | 4,786 | 4,905 | 5,028 | 5,154 |
| Trust funds and deposits | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 |
| Contract liabilities | 4,040 | 3,290 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | - 102 |
| Provisions | 2,305 | 2,420 | 2,517 | 2.618 | 2.683 | 2.750 | 2,819 | 2.889 | 2.962 | 3.036 | 3.112 |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings | 1.010 | 1.029 | 1,048 | 1.067 | 1.087 | 1,107 | 1,127 | 2,000 | 2,002 | | - |
| Total current liabilities | 11,204 | 10,822 | 7,868 | 8,139 | 8,345 | 8,556 | 8,773 | 7,847 | 8,039 | 8,236 | 8,398 |
| | | | ., | 0,200 | 6/5 15 | 0,000 | | ., | 0,000 | 0,200 | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provisions - NC | 125 | 131 | 136 | 142 | 145 | 149 | 153 | 157 | 160 | 164 | 169 |
| Interest-bearing loans and borrowings - NC | 6,465 | 5,436 | 4,388 | 3,321 | 2,234 | 1,127 | - | - | - | - | |
| Total non-current liabilities | 6,590 | 5,567 | 4,524 | 3,463 | 2,379 | 1,276 | 153 | 157 | 160 | 164 | 169 |
| Total liabilities | 17,793 | 16,389 | 12,392 | 11,602 | 10,724 | 9,832 | 8,925 | 8,004 | 8,200 | 8,400 | 8,566 |
| Net Assets | 503,353 | 551,968 | 571,923 | 585,646 | 599,663 | 614,540 | 629,928 | 646,074 | 662,540 | 679,426 | 696,733 |
| Equity | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserves | 215,695 | 234,800 | 249,035 | 261,256 | 273,765 | 286,570 | 299,677 | 313,094 | 326,829 | 340,888 | 355,279 |
| Surplus / (deficit) | 4,721 | 29,510 | 5,720 | 1,502 | 1,508 | 2,072 | 2,281 | 2,729 | 2,731 | 2,828 | 2,915 |
| Accumulated surplus / (deficit) | 282,937 | 287,658 | 317,168 | 322,888 | 324,390 | 325,898 | 327,970 | 330,251 | 332,980 | 335,711 | 338,538 |
| Total Equity | 503,353 | 551,968 | 571,923 | 585,646 | 599,663 | 614,540 | 629,928 | 646,074 | 662,540 | 679,426 | 696,733 |
| CURRENT RATIO | 1.72 | 1.33 | 2.00 | 2.07 | 2.14 | 2.27 | 2.42 | 2.99 | 3.33 | 3.67 | 4.02 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Burnie City Council tatement of Financial Position

| | | | Burnie C | ity Council | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | 5 | tatement | of Cash Flo | WS | | | | | | |
| | Revised | | | | | Strategic Pro | ojections | | | | |
| | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 |
| and the formation of the second states | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rates Statutory fees and fines | 26,182 1,094 | 28,313 905 | 30,329 938 | 31,895 998 | 33,139 1,007 | 34,253 1,035 | 35,405 1,059 | 36,596 1,084 | 37,587 1,114 | 38,591 1,141 | 39,622 1,168 |
| User fees (inclusive of GST) | 4,195 | 3,739 | 4,580 | 4.655 | 4.891 | 5,122 | 5,196 | 5.271 | 5,520 | 5,599 | 5,680 |
| Operational Grants (inclusive of GST) | 2,490 | 3,067 | 3,041 | 3,114 | 3,188 | 3,264 | 3,342 | 3,422 | 3,504 | 3,548 | 3,594 |
| Reimbursements (inclusive of GST) | 555 | 238 | 246 | 254 | 260 | 267 | 273 | 280 | 287 | 294 | 302 |
| Rents (inclusive of GST) | 657 | 672 | 693 | 707 | 719 | 731 | 743 | 754 | 766 | 777 | 788 |
| Other receipts (inclusive of GST) | 152 | 1,170 | 489 | 158 | 162 | 167 | 172 | 176 | 179 | 181 | 183 |
| Interest | 675 | 293 | 200 | 252 | 274 | 301 | 335 | 374 | 430 | 495 | 561 |
| Investment revenue from Water Corporation | 828 | 828 | 828 | 828 | 711 | 731 | 756 | 780 | 780 | 780 | 780 |
| Distributions from Joint Venture | 326 | - | 194 | 211 | 203 | 239 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| Payments to employees | (11,265) | (10,764) | (11,446) | (11,959) | (12,301) | (12,608) | (12,923) | (13,247) | (13,578) | (13,917) | (14,265) |
| Payments to suppliers | (13,457) | (21,940) | (14,886) | (14,671) | (15,293) | (15,616) | (16,080) | (16,311) | (16,772) | (17,241) | (17,611) |
| Finance Costs paid | (160) | (136) | (114) | (95) | (75) | (56) | (36) | (15) | - | - | - |
| Other payments | (4,105) | (4,243) | (4,423) | (4,601) | (4,947) | (4,969) | (5,164) | (5,367) | (5,740) | (5,791) | (6,017) |
| Net GST refund / (payment) | 1,091 | 1,851 | 1,209 | 1,227 | 1,291 | 1,300 | 1,351 | 1,381 | 1,433 | 1,471 | 1,516 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 9,259 | 3,994 | 11,879 | 12,971 | 13,231 | 14,160 | 14,627 | 15,380 | 15,709 | 16,126 | 16,501 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Payments for property, infrastructure, plant and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| equipment | (16,316) | (44,384) | (11,941) | (11,491) | (11,788) | (12,067) | (12,352) | (12,644) | (12,943) | (13,249) | (13,563) |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant, infrastructure and eq | - | 2,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital grants | 5,312 | 27,533 | 8,484 | 792 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 484 |
| Receipts from maturity of short term investments Funds deposited as short term investments | 7,512 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (3,492) | (14,852) | (3,457) | (10,699) | (11,304) | (11,583) | (11,868) | (12,160) | (12,459) | (12,765) | (13,078) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (5,492) | [14,852] | (5,457) | (10,099) | (11,504) | (11,565) | (11,000) | (12,100) | (12,439) | [12,705] | (15,076) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from trust funds and deposits | - | | | | - | | | | | | - |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits | (1.230) | (1.010) | | | - (1.067) | | | - (1.127) | : | : | - |
| | - (1,230) (1,230) | (1,010) | (1,029) (1,029) | - (1,048) (1,048) | (1,067) (1,067) | - (1,087) (1,087) | - (1,107) (1,107) | - (1,127) (1,127) | - | - | |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings | | | (1,029) | (1,048) | | (1,087) | (1,107) | | - | - | - |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings | | | (1,029) | (1,048) | | (1,087) | (1,107) | | | - - - 3,361 | - - - 3,423 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | (1,230) | (1,010) | (1,029) (1,029) | (1,048) (1,048) | (1,067) | (1,087) (1,087) | (1,107) (1,107) | (1,127) | | | |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 | (1,067) 859 11,865 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 | 3,250 17,960 | 3,361 21,210 | 3,423 24,571 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of | (1,230) 4,536 | (1,010) | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 | (1,067) 859 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 | (1,127) 2,093 | 3,250 | 3,361 | 3,423 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 | (1,067) 859 11,865 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 | 3,250 17,960 | 3,361 21,210 | 3,423 24,571 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 | (1,067) 859 11,865 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 | 3,250 17,960 | 3,361 21,210 | 3,423 24,571 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 | (1,067) 859 11,865 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 | 3,250 17,960 | 3,361 21,210 | 3,423 24,571 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Revised | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 | (1,067) 859 11,865 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 | 3,250 17,960 | 3,361 21,210 | 3,423 24,571 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 | (1,067) 859 11,865 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 | 3,250 17,960 | 3,361 21,210 | 3,423 24,571 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Revised Budget | (1,010) (11,868) <u>15,116</u> <u>3,249</u> | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pro | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Revised Budget 2023 \$'000 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 2026 \$'000 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 | (1,067) (1,067) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pro 2028 \$'000 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 ojections 2029 \$'000 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 \$'000 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 2032 \$'000 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Revised Budget 2023 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pro 2028 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 Djections 2029 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 2032 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Revised Budget 2023 \$'000 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 2026 \$'000 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 | (1,067) (1,067) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pro 2028 \$'000 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 ojections 2029 \$'000 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 \$'000 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 2032 \$'000 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Revised Budget 2023 \$'000 4,721 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 29,510 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 \$,720 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 2026 \$'000 1,502 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 | (1,067) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pro 2028 \$'000 2,072 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 0jections 2029 \$'000 2,281 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 \$'000 2,729 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 2,731 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 2032 \$'000 2,828 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Contributions - non-monetary assets | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 \$'000 4,721 9,284 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 29,510 9,982 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 2026 5'000 1,502 11,491 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pr 2028 \$'000 2,072 12,067 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 0jections 2029 \$'000 2,281 12,352 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 \$'000 2,729 12,644 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 2,731 12,943 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 2032 \$'000 2,828 13,249 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Contributions - non-monetary assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 \$'000 4,721 9,284 392 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 29,510 9,982 | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 2026 5'000 1,502 11,491 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pr 2028 \$'000 2,072 12,067 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 0jections 2029 \$'000 2,281 12,352 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 \$'000 2,729 12,644 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 2,731 12,943 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 2032 \$'000 2,828 13,249 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse Changes in assets and liabilities | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 5'000 4,721 9,284 3922 (3,496) | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 5'000 29,510 9,982 (539) - (34,806) | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 \$'000 5,720 11,154 371 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 2026 \$'000 1,502 11,491 381 - (484) | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 390 - (484) | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pri 2028 \$'000 2,072 12,067 400 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 0jections 2029 5'000 2,281 12,352 410 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 5'000 2,729 12,644 420 - (484) | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 5'000 2,731 12,943 431 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 2032 \$'000 2,828 13,249 441 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Contributions - non-monetary assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse Changes in assets and liabilities - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 5'000 4,721 9,284 3922 (3,496) (1,931) 21 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 5'000 29,510 9,982 (539) (34,806) (481) | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 5'000 5,720 11,154 371 - (5,397) (232) | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 5'000 1,502 11,491 381 - (484) (160) | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 390 - (484) (144) | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pr 2028 S'000 2,072 12,067 400 - (484) (73) | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 0jections 2029 \$'000 2,281 12,352 410 - (484) (114) | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 5'000 2,729 12,644 420 (484) (117) | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 5'000 2,731 12,943 431 - (484) (89) | 3,361 21,210 24,571 24,571 2,828 13,249 441 - (484) (90) | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 - (484) (91) |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Contributions - non-monetary assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse Changes in assets and liabilities - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - (increase)/decrease in other assets | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 \$'000 4,721 9,284 3920 (3,496) (1,931) 21 (72) | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 29,510 9,982 (539) (34,806) (481) (24) | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 371 (5,397) (232) (17) | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 5'000 1,502 11,491 381 - (484) (160) (14) | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 390 (484) (144) (15) | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pri 2028 \$'000 2,072 12,067 4000 - (484) (73) (15) | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 2029 5'000 2,281 12,352 410 - (484) (114) (16) | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 5'000 2,729 12,644 420 - (484) (117) (16) | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 2,731 12,943 431 (484) (89) (16) | 3,361 21,210 24,571 24,571 2,828 13,249 41 (484) (90) (17) | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 453 (484) (91) (17) |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse Changes in assets and liabilities - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - (increase)/decrease in inventories | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 \$'000 4,721 9,284 392 (3,496) (1,931) 211 (72) (5) | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 29,510 9,982 (533) (34,806) (481) (24) (3) | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 371 - (5,397) (232) (17) (232) (22) (2) | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 \$'000 1,502 11,491 381 - (484) (160) (149) (2) | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 3390 (484) (144) (15) (2) | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pro 2028 \$'000 2,072 12,067 400 - (484) (73) (15) (2) | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 0jections 2029 \$'000 2,281 12,352 410 - (484) (114) (114) (114) (12) (2) | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 \$'000 2,729 12,644 420 (484) (117) (16) (2) | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 5'000 2,731 12,943 431 (484) (89) (16) (2) | 3,361 21,210 24,571 24,571 2032 5'000 2,828 13,249 441 (484) (90) (17) (2) | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 - (484) (91) (17) (2) |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Contributions - non-monetary assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse Changes in assets and liabilities - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - (increase)/decrease in inventories - (increase)/decrease in inventories - (increase)/decrease in inventories | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 \$'000 4,721 9,284 392 (3,496) (1,931) 21 (72) (5) 268 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 29,510 9,982 (539) (34,806) (481) (24) | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 371 (5,397) (232) (17) | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 5'000 1,502 11,491 381 - (484) (160) (14) | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 390 (484) (144) (15) | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pri 2028 \$'000 2,072 12,067 4000 - (484) (73) (15) | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 2029 5'000 2,281 12,352 410 - (484) (114) (16) | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 5'000 2,729 12,644 420 - (484) (117) (16) | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 2,731 12,943 431 (484) (89) (16) | 3,361 21,210 24,571 24,571 2,828 13,249 41 (484) (90) (17) | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 - (484) (91) (17) (2) (2) 126 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Contributions - non-monetary assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse <i>Changes in assets and liabilities</i> - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - (increase)/decrease in inventories increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables - increase/(decrease) in other liabilities | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 5'000 4,721 9,242 (3,496) (1,931) 21 (72) (5) 268 23 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 5'000 29,510 9,982 (539) - (34,806) (481) (24) (3) 235 - | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 371 - (5,397) (232) (17) (23) (17) (2) 180 - | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 5'000 1,502 11,491 381 (484) (160) (14) (2) 15.1 (14) (2) | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 390 - (484) (144) (15) (2) 121 - | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pri 2028 S'000 2,072 12,067 4000 - (484) (73) (15) (2) 12,474 400 - | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 2029 5'000 2,281 12,352 410 - (484) (114) (16) (2) 128 - | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 \$'000 2,729 12,644 420 - (484) (117) (16) (2) 131 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 2,731 12,943 4.51 (484) (89) (16) (2) 120 - | 3,361 21,210 24,571 24,571 2,828 13,249 441 (484) (90) (17) (2) 123 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 (484) (91) (17) (2) 126 (40) |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cosh flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse Changes in assets and liabilities - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - (increase)/decrease in inventories - increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables - increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables - increase/(decrease) in other liabilities | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 \$'000 4,721 9,284 3929 (3,489) (1,931) 211 (72) (5) 268 233 55 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 \$'000 29,510 9,982 (539) - (34,806) (481) (24) (3) 235 - - (32,806) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 3,720 (1,154 3,720 (1,154 3,720 (1,154 3,720 (1,154 3,720 (1,154) (2,327) (1,71) (2,327) (1,720) (2,327) (1,720) (2,327) (1,720) (2,327) (1,720) (2,327) (2 | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 5'000 1,502 11,491 381 (149) (14) (14) (2) 151 - 106 | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 390 - (484) (144) (15) (2) 121 - 69 | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pri 2028 \$'000 2,072 12,067 400 (12,067 400 (13,067 400 (13,067) (14,067) (15) (2) (2) 124 (1,067) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2 | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 2029 \$'000 2,281 12,352 410 - (484) (114) (16) (2) 128 - 72 | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 2030 \$'000 2,729 12,644 420 - (484) (117) (16) (2) 131 - 74 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 5'000 2,731 12,943 431 - (484) (89) (16) (2) 120 - 76 | 3,361 21,210 24,571 24,571 2032 5'000 2,828 13,249 441 - (484) (90) (17) (2) 123 - 78 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 453 (484) (17) (17) (2) 126 (40) 80 |
| Proceeds from trust funds and deposits Repayment of interest bearing loans and borrowings Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Result from continuing operations Non-cash flows Depreciation and amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of assets Contributions - non-monetary assets Capital grants received specifically for new or ugrpaded asse <i>Changes in assets and liabilities</i> - (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables - (increase)/decrease in inventories increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables - increase/(decrease) in other liabilities | (1,230) 4,536 10,580 15,116 Budget 2023 5'000 4,721 9,242 (3,496) (1,931) 21 (72) (5) 268 23 | (1,010) (11,868) 15,116 3,249 2024 5'000 29,510 9,982 (539) - (34,806) (481) (24) (3) 235 - | (1,029) (1,029) 7,393 3,249 10,642 2025 \$'000 5,720 11,154 371 - (5,397) (232) (17) (23) (17) (2) 180 - | (1,048) (1,048) 1,223 10,642 11,865 5'000 1,502 11,491 381 (484) (160) (14) (2) 15.1 (14) (2) | (1,067) 859 11,865 12,724 2027 \$'000 1,508 11,788 390 - (484) (144) (15) (2) 121 - | (1,087) (1,087) 1,490 12,724 14,215 Strategic Pri 2028 S'000 2,072 12,067 4000 - (484) (73) (15) (2) 12,474 400 - | (1,107) (1,107) 1,652 14,215 15,867 2029 5'000 2,281 12,352 410 - (484) (114) (16) (2) 128 - | (1,127) 2,093 15,867 17,960 \$'000 2,729 12,644 420 - (484) (117) (16) (2) 13.11 | 3,250 17,960 21,210 2031 \$'000 2,731 12,943 4.51 (484) (89) (16) (2) 120 - | 3,361 21,210 24,571 24,571 2,828 13,249 441 (484) (90) (17) (2) 123 | 3,423 24,571 27,993 2033 \$'000 2,915 13,563 453 (484) (91) (17) (2) 126 (40) |





Burnie City Council 80 Wilson Street Burnie, TASMANIA